# Biology 11: "The Arthropod Story"

This presentation provides an excellent overview of the Phylum Arthropoda while incorporating ideas we've learned previously (adaptive traits, natural selection, other animal phyla etc).

### WHAT TO DO:

- 1. Access this website by googling "The Arthropod Story".
- 2. Proceed through the presentation (it takes about 30 minutes).
- 3. Answer the questions below.

)	. Answer the questions below.								
1.	Introducing the Arthropods:								
	A% of all animals are arthropods!								
	Sheer Numbers								
	B. Copepods are:								
	Habitat and Distribution (click on the magnifying glasses)								
	C. Some examples of arthropod variety include:								
	Ecological Niches (click on the Help Wanted ads)								
	D. Leafcutters live on farms.								
2	What is an Arthropod?								

#### 2. What is an Arthropod?

E. Draw the five branches of the arthropod tree:

### **Inherited Characteristics**

F. The characteristics shared by arthropods are:

Complete this chart with the help of the slides:

Complete the chart man are new or the charter										
	Bilateral	Segmented	Exoskeleton	Jointed	Many					
				Legs	Limbs					
Scorpion										
Moth										
Onychophoran										
Mouse										
Millipede										
Jelly										

G.	Based on the data, which of the animals are arthropods?
Н.	Give three examples of each arthropod group:

Insects Chelicerates Crustaceans Myriapods

## 3. Cambrian Critters:

I.	Where do	each	of the	Cambrian	Critters	end	up o	n the	arthropod	evolution	onary
tre	ee?										

Sanctacaris

Opabinia

Pikaia (why is this one important!?)

Hallucigenia

Naraoia

### 4. Tools For Success: The Exoskeleton and the Jointed Limb

J.	Hov	v do	each	of	the	tol	lowing	contr	ibute	to	arth	ropod	success
----	-----	------	------	----	-----	-----	--------	-------	-------	----	------	-------	---------

a. exoskeleton?

b. jointed limbs?

K.	Match the 6 examples of limb specialization in other arthropods.									
Lea	af Blower	Rake	Crowbar	Hammer	Oar	Vice				
<i>5.</i>	An Evolutio	nary Constr	aint: Small S	ize						
L.	Why are terre	estrial arthrop	ods small?							
Μ.	Why are the	se constraints	of Exoskeleton	s and jointed	appendages?					
	Molting:									
	What would happen to a large animal when it molts? Why?									
	Wildt Wot	па парреп со	a large ariimar	WHEN IT MORES	: vviiy:					
	Exoskeleton S	Strength:								
	What han	nens to volun	ne when you do	vuhle lenath?						
	whathap	pens to voidin	ic when you do	dbic icrigar:						
	Respiration:									
	What han	nens if you h	ave long tubes 1	for respiration	(think about	VOLI				
		through a str		or respiration	r (triirik about	you				
<i>6.</i>	Conclusion	Evolution	and the Arthro	opod:						

M. Identify some other adaptations of arthropods.